

NEWS SUMMARY.

City Affairs. -The examination of witnesses for the respondent in the city contested election was continued yesterday afternoon before the Examiner.
The Workmen's Association, composed of mechanics and laborers of the Philadelphia Navy Yard, held an adjourned meeting last evening. Mr. Newberry presided in the chair. It was stated that, since the previous meeting, a letter had been received from Governor Geary, in which he expressed himself favorably to the eight-hour system, and hoped that the workmen in the Navy Yard would succeed in their endeavor to obtain a full day's pay for a day's work of eight hours. He also stated that he had signed the bill, No. 4, passed by the Legislature at the last session, giving to working men the power to form societies for mutual protection and benefit. The correspondence was ordered to be published.
Next Thursday evening is to be a festive occasion among the colored people of Philadelphia. The Independent Grand Commandery of St. George's Commandery, No. 2, Knights Templar, and Queen Esther Court, No. 1, Heroines of Jericho. A sword is to be given by the Knights to the Most Eminent Grand Master, G. W. Rogers, of the First Independent Grand Commandery of St. George's Commandery, and the Heroines are to give the Commandery a Bible. The presentations take place at Concert Hall, all the St. Knights, by order of the Most Eminent Grand Master, George W. R. Hall, appearing in their full uniform. An introductory address will be made by Sir Knight E. D. Fleaver, Grand Inspector of Tactics and Drill of the Grand Commandery. The sword will be presented by Rev. Sir Theodore D. Miller, Prelate of St. George's Commandery, and the Bible, on behalf of the Comptroller of Heroines of Jericho, by Rev. Sir Knight E. D. Fleaver. "Grand Inspector of Tactics and Drill of the Grand Commandery." The sword will be presented by Rev. Sir Theodore D. Miller, Prelate of St. George's Commandery, and the Bible, on behalf of the Comptroller of Heroines of Jericho, by Rev. Sir Knight E. D. Fleaver.
The stated meeting of the Board of Guardians of the Poor was held yesterday afternoon, at the Hookley Almshouse, President John M. Whittall in the chair. The House Agent reported the census of the house at 3008; same time last year, 3002; increase, 94. The Steward reported house receipts amounting to \$4797.50. The Out-door Agent reported amount collected for support of paupers, \$1000.00; amount of males in the house, 1357; females, 1741. Total number of males and females in the Insane Department, less assistants, 707.
Yesterday afternoon, while two workmen were engaged in cleansing the marble from the building at Chestnut and Market streets, the rope broke and precipitated one of the men to the ground from the second story, causing severe internal injuries, as well as a sprain to the back. The other workman caught the rope above the break, and thus saved himself.
The cornerstone of Zion Lutheran Church, in Franklin street, above Race, was laid yesterday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Mann, pastor of the church. Addresses were then made in German by Rev. A. Stead, and in English by Rev. Dr. Vogelsbach, and in English by Rev. Drs. Shaffer and Seis. The stone contained several gold, silver, and copper coins, also a German Bible, hymn book, Lutheran Smaller Catechism, History of the 100th Jubilee of St. Michael's and Zion Lutheran Churches in Philadelphia, and a copy of the English Bible. The stone will be set in the front and is 113 feet deep. It will be constructed of brownstone, and will accommodate in the main audience chamber about 1500 persons. The cost, exclusive of the ground, will be about \$120,000. There will also be a spire, the height of which will be 185 feet from the base.
The Journeymen Carpenters' Union has given notice that journeymen carpenters' wages will be \$3.50 per day on and after the third Saturday in May.
Domestic Affairs.
-Gold closed yesterday at 137 1/2.
-The receipts from customs are heavy.
-General Longstreet was in Harrisburg yesterday.
-There are \$87,000,000 in coin in the vaults of the Treasury.
-Fifty vessels arrived at Buffalo yesterday from upper Lake ports.
-Office-seekers from Alexandria, Va., are now besieging the President's office.
-The master workmen in the Washington Navy Yard are to be removed.
-The cotton fields in the vicinity of Augusta, Ga., have been injured by cold weather.
-The proposed annexation of San Domingo will receive official notice tomorrow.
-Secretary Cox has appointed George T. Metcalf, of Ohio, Chief Clerk of the Interior Department.
-Dent & Goward's refrigerator factory, in Chicago, was destroyed by fire on Sunday. Loss \$85,000.
-The internal revenue receipts yesterday amounted to one million and a quarter of dollars.
-The order assigning army officers to duty as Indian Agents was not promulgated yesterday, as expected.
-Narcotics of coffee and sugar were made by the United States revenue officers at St. Louis yesterday.
-The Governor yesterday appointed Daniel M. Smyser Associate Law Judge of the Seventh Judicial District.
-The Mayor of Boston has gone to Washington to invite President Grant to be present at the Peace Jubilee.
-When Commissioner Delano returns to Washington, several additional supervisors of the Twenty-first Infantry Regiment, left Omaha for the Pacific, on Sunday night.
-The Cabinet will to-day decide how the new Constitution of Virginia is to be voted on at the coming election in that State.
-Very little business has been transacted at the Indian Bureau for the past ten days, owing to the absence of Commissioner Parker.
-In the United States Circuit Court of New York, yesterday, Judge Benedict charged the jury in reference to the revenue frauds in New York City.
-The tow-boat Grey Eagle sank in the Mississippi, seventy-five miles below St. Louis, on Sunday night. Three men are supposed to have gone down with her.
-President Grant listened to the electric echoes of the blows which completed the Pacific Railroad in the telegraph office of the United States War Department.
-At Atlanta, Ga., on Sunday, J. H. Fry, Secretary of the Workmen's Association, committed suicide. The woman is expected to recover.
-The Murray Silk Mills, at Paterson, N. J., were totally destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. Loss, \$200,000. A dozen tenement houses adjoining the mills were also burned.
-There is bad blood between the Cubans and Spaniards in New Orleans. A duel has been fought, and another is on the tapis. Certain Spaniards have promulgated a general challenge to all who shout "Death to Spaniards."
-Fredrick B. Niles, of the firm of Chapin, Niles & Co., of Milwaukee, last week forged and altered bills of lading so as to receive advances on upwards of four thousand barrels of flour more than actually shipped. He decamped with the proceeds.
Foreign Affairs.
HATANA, May 10.-The press praise the American authorities for their prompt action in detaining the Quaker City. No important news was received to-day from the interior. The details of the fighting around Nuevitas is still wanting.
PARIS, May 10.-The Emperor visited the Horticultural Exhibition at Chartres yesterday. He was received by the Mayor, who delivered an address. The Emperor made a short speech in reply. He recalled the visit he made to Chartres when he was President. He then referred to the coming elections, and invited men of all parties to aid in the advancement of liberal progress by choosing as their representatives men worthy of such a mission.
London, May 10.-The House of Commons Mr. Fortescue, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in reply to an inquiry of Lord John Manners, said the Ministers were already considering the best

means of increasing the power of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for the most effectual suppression of the Fenian movement in that country.
HATANA, May 10.-Captain General Dulce, with the volunteers who accompanied him, has returned from his visit to Matanzas. Fighting is reported near Nuevitas. No particulars have been received.
The Fendal Castles of France.
The London Athenaeum has the following notice of a work on the Feudal Castles of the western provinces of France, by the author of "Flemish Interiors," recently published in London:
It was no bad notion which led the writer of the book now before us to travel among the relics of feudalism in France, and give special attention to the great fortresses of the Loire. Touraine, perhaps, for such a purpose richer than any other province, not only in respect of the magnificence of her castles, but the variety and picturesque of her legends. Few provinces are more wealthy in historical illustrations. What, in these respects, surpasses Amboise, the Quilès upon the rock above the bridge over the Loire? It is a building of the sixteenth century, for the most part, but retains the very hall where Louis the Eleventh met his brother, the King of Sicily; to say nothing of having been the home of Margaret of Anjou. Here Charles the Affable was born and bred; here the poor youth, who was to be king a brief while, learned his lessons, paced the forests and the gardens; here was betrothed Mary of Burgundy's daughter, Margaret, to the future Charles the Eighth, a scene which lives in the memory of the people. It was not a religious ceremony, but the notary, in a loud voice, asked the Dauphin if he would marry "Mademoiselle Marguerite d'Autriche," and "eice versa." Both parties answered in the affirmative. The notary then asked him three times, and all returned to the affirmative. The marriage was afterwards dissolved, Margaret sent home again, and Charles was wedded to Anne of Brittany. It was in this castle, says Monstrelet, that the king was loitering at Amboise, when he was looking at some tennis-players in the courtyard, when he felt the first attack of that illness which soon slew him. A story goes that he struck his head against a low doorway, and forgot the incident for some weeks; then, leading the queen to see a game of tennis, he swooned on the spot and never recovered his senses. The pages and people of the court went to and fro as their king lay there stunned and passing from life to death, but no one mustered courage or tenderness enough to help him away. They seem to be the alternative of the king's death, although he was greatly beloved. The low doorway is yet shown where this young king is reported to have met his death. De Commynes' account differs considerably from this. Queen Anne, in her first sorrow, vowed to remain a widow for life, and to use the sayings of seditious, ere long she married Charles' successor, Louis the Twelfth, an early love. An obstacle of great weight, being no less important than Louis' first wife, stood in the way of this second union; Jeanne was divorced, and passed a painful exile in the castle of Amboise, where she died. The first spent much of his time at Amboise, Margaret, Francis' sister, lived long there, and here compiled that famous work which, more than anything else, has preserved her name for us. At Chateau du Clos, Francis established the Academie des Sciences, and it was here that the latter place is barely two miles away from the old residence of the French monarchs; by his will the painter desired to be buried in the Church of St. Florentin, at Amboise; but, says the author, he is believed to have been interred in the Church of St. Etienne, in the city of Amboise. Castle of Amboise Francis is said to have built that strange sloping roadway which supplies the place of stairs in the great tower, and was designed, still a grin old ruin, follows upon these pages; next is his fellow, Plessis-le-Tours, in the district of Tours, in the county of Touraine, while on the way to suppress the revolt of Ghent, in 1539. Our author has gathered from the writers of this time a very readable history of this remarkable visit and its seemingly inexplicable details, which are treated in detail here. The picture of his death and what led to it is well worth noting, even by those who are familiar with that strange passage of history. At Amboise lived, in the very freshness of her youth, Marie de Medici, who, after her marriage to Francis the Second of France, she continued to reside as Queen, where many of her innocent days were spent.
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